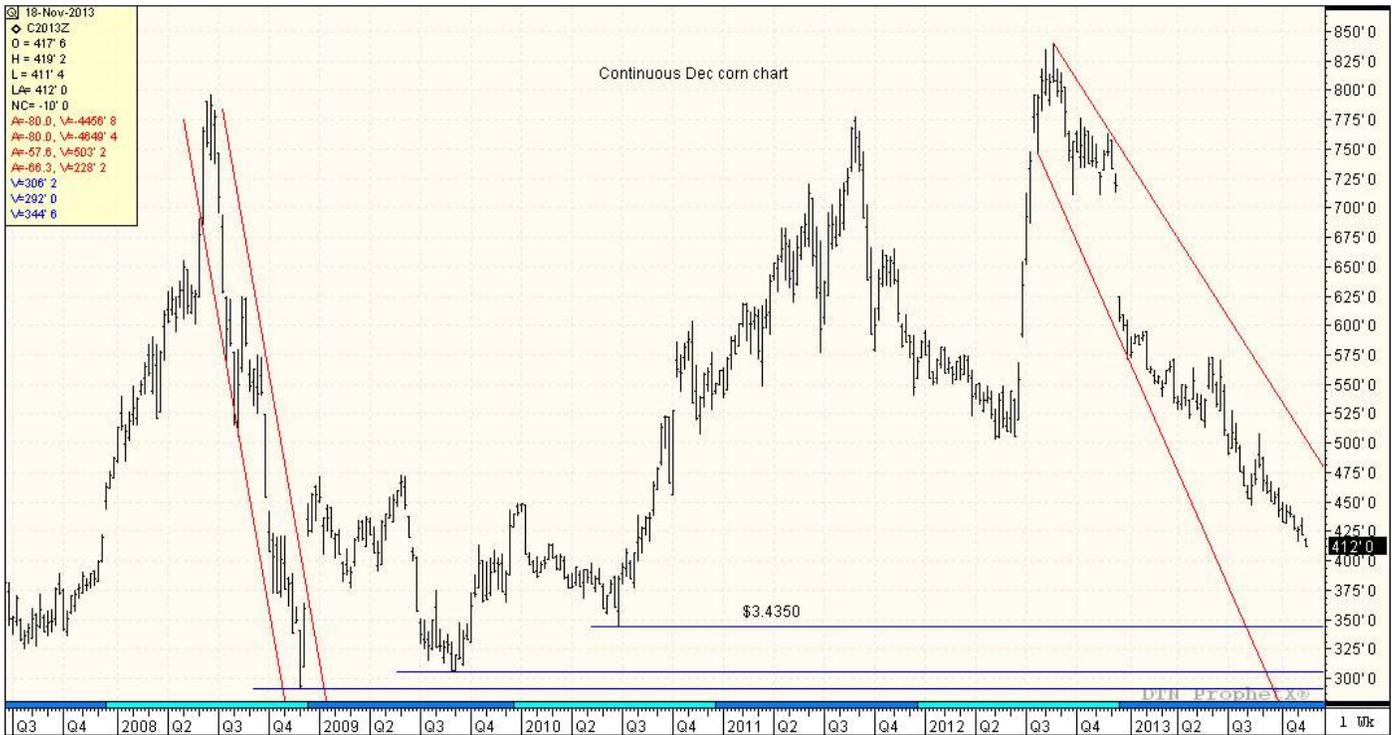


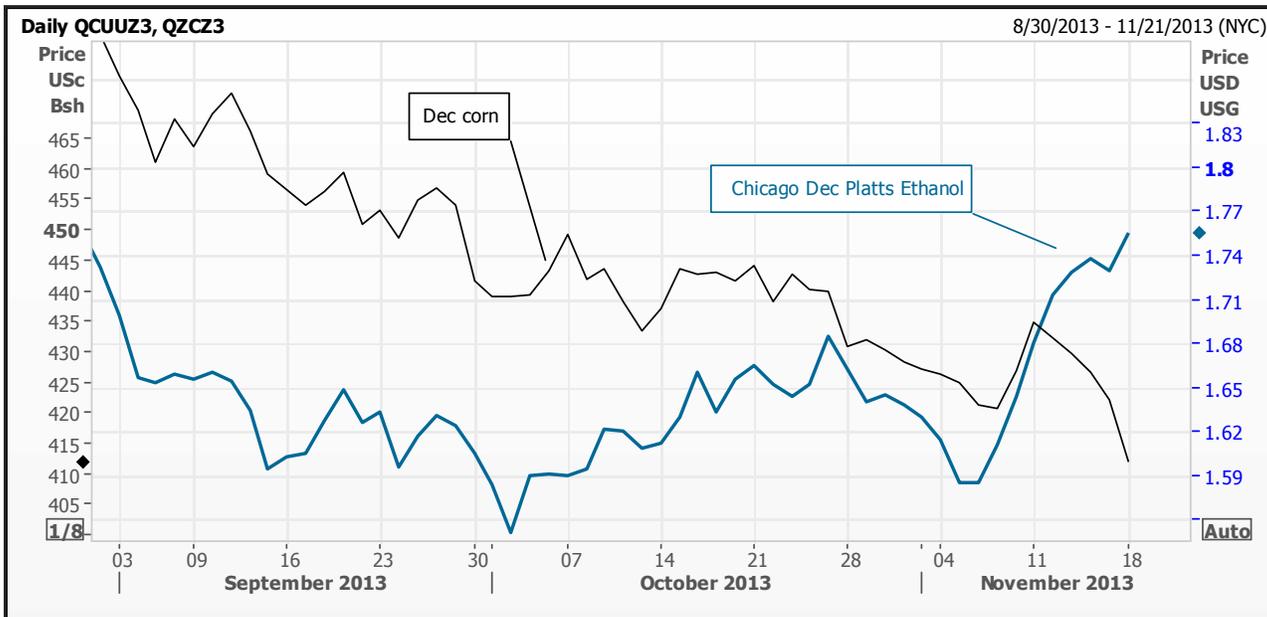
Closing Grain & Soybean Comments

Kevin Riesberg Monday, November 18, 2013

CORN: Corn closed sharply lower as funds sold 12,000 contracts as the hangover from Friday's EPA announcement continues with most corn contracts (other than the nearby Dec) making new contracts lows. Also keeping the trade a little skittish were reports that 1 cargo of US corn got rejected (for now) for having contained Syngenta's Agrisure Viptera (or MIR 162), which is not officially approved for import yet. Note approval is expected to come in early 2014 and that earlier this summer one Argentine corn cargo was allowed in though it did test positive for MIR 162. Today's weekly export inspection number showed 14 mln bu were loaded out for China (7 mln from PNW and 6 mln from Gulf) so traders will be watching if any of these cargoes get held up or not.



Technically the corn market has little support until the \$4.00 level on the nearby Dec. Note that back in 2008 and 2009 when carryout to use ratios were over 13% that Dec corn was able push below \$3.50, see chart above. Cash corn movement though in the US is slowing down in response to the lower futures and so basis levels are



having to firm in order to pull cash corn into the pipeline. Ethanol crush margins seeing support in the nearby slots as futures break in corn while Dec and Jan ethanol moves higher (but Feb forward ethanol is softer). Weekly export inspections on corn were a

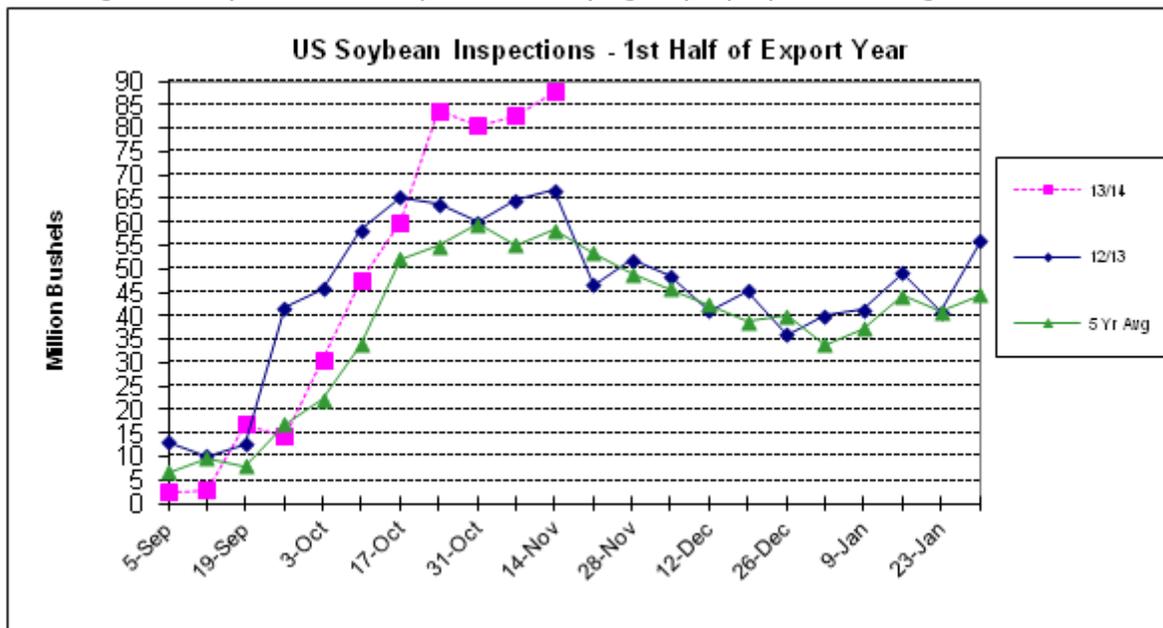
little bigger than expected at 30.7 mln bu but not shockingly big. Before today's break US corn was about \$1-\$3 a ton premium to Black Sea corn according to business done by S. Korea late last week. After today's break, US corn should be the cheapest source for corn in Feb/Mar April slot. Corn spreads softened slightly with the upfront selling in the nearby Dec. Just 8 trading sessions are left until 1st notice day. Wheat/corn spreads saw a strong bounce this past week (see chart above) with resistance expected back toward the \$2.60 area. US corn harvest is now 91% complete vs 86% avg.



WHEAT: Wheat closed slightly lower as selling in corn spilled over into the wheat markets. Weekly export inspections were better than expected at 18 mln bu but still not overly robust as most of the export capacity is being taken by soybeans and corn. Egypt tenders this afternoon for option origin wheat for LH Dec shipment. Once again most of this business should come from France or the Black Sea. On the Iraq tender, Canada had the cheapest offer at \$345 a ton while the cheapest US wheat offer was \$24 a ton above the

Canadian offer. This afternoon's US weekly crop ratings showed that the US winter wheat slipped 2% to 63% G/E but still going into dormancy in fine shape vs 34% G/E last year. HRW basis levels are steady/slightly firmer while SRW values should see support with the Egyptian tender. Look for firmer trade overnight on the Egyptian tender.

SOY-COMPLEX: The bean and meal market was able to divorce itself from corn and march to its own tune today with support seen from short covering and lifting of corn/bean spreads while weekly export inspection number of 87.8 mln bu was much bigger than traders expected. This is the 4 week in a row that shipments were over 80 mln bu, see chart below, but shipments should start to taper off heading into next week. Growing conditions in South America remains generally good with Brazil now 69%-73% planted (depending on the analyst) and in Argentina at 26% planted (vs 30% last year at this time). Brazilian producers though are discouraged with the soybean price action and direction of the Brazilian current. The producer there is thought to have sold just 33% of the new crop according to Safras, compared to 48% this time last year. US soybean basis remains soft with slowing fresh export sales and processors trying to prop up crush margins in the face of softer meal and soyoil



basis. Resistance for Jan beans is back toward \$13.00. US bean harvest is now 95% complete.

Meal followed the rally in beans and also saw support from meal/oil spreading. Soyoil saw follow through selling as a result of the EPA decision to keep the required blending at 1.28 bln gal. Malaysian palm oil values were also softer overnight on profit taking.

This material has been prepared by a sales or trading employee or agent of R.J. O'Brien and is, or is in the nature of, a solicitation. This material is not a research report prepared by R.J. O'Brien's Research Department. By accepting this communication, you agree that you are an experienced user of the futures markets, capable of making independent trading decisions, and agree that you are not, and will not, rely solely on this communication in making trading decisions.

DISTRIBUTION IN SOME JURISDICTIONS MAY BE PROHIBITED OR RESTRICTED BY LAW. PERSONS IN POSSESSION OF THIS COMMUNICATION INDIRECTLY SHOULD INFORM THEMSELVES ABOUT AND OBSERVE ANY SUCH PROHIBITION OR RESTRICTIONS. TO THE EXTENT THAT YOU HAVE RECEIVED THIS COMMUNICATION INDIRECTLY AND SOLICITATIONS ARE PROHIBITED IN YOUR JURISDICTION WITHOUT REGISTRATION, THE MARKET COMMENTARY IN THIS COMMUNICATION SHOULD NOT BE CONSIDERED A SOLICITATION.

The risk of loss in trading futures and/or options is substantial and each investor and/or trader must consider whether this is a suitable investment. Past performance, whether actual or indicated by simulated historical tests of strategies, is not indicative of future results. Trading advice is based on information taken from trades and statistical services and other sources that R.J. O'Brien believes are reliable. We do not guarantee that such information is accurate or complete and it should not be relied upon as such. Trading advice reflects our good faith judgment at a specific time and is subject to change without notice. There is no guarantee that the advice we give will result in profitable trades.